

Long term changes in nitrogen in Cumbrian lakes

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Contemporary management issues in the Lake District are partly a product of history and may be linked to large scale environmental change.



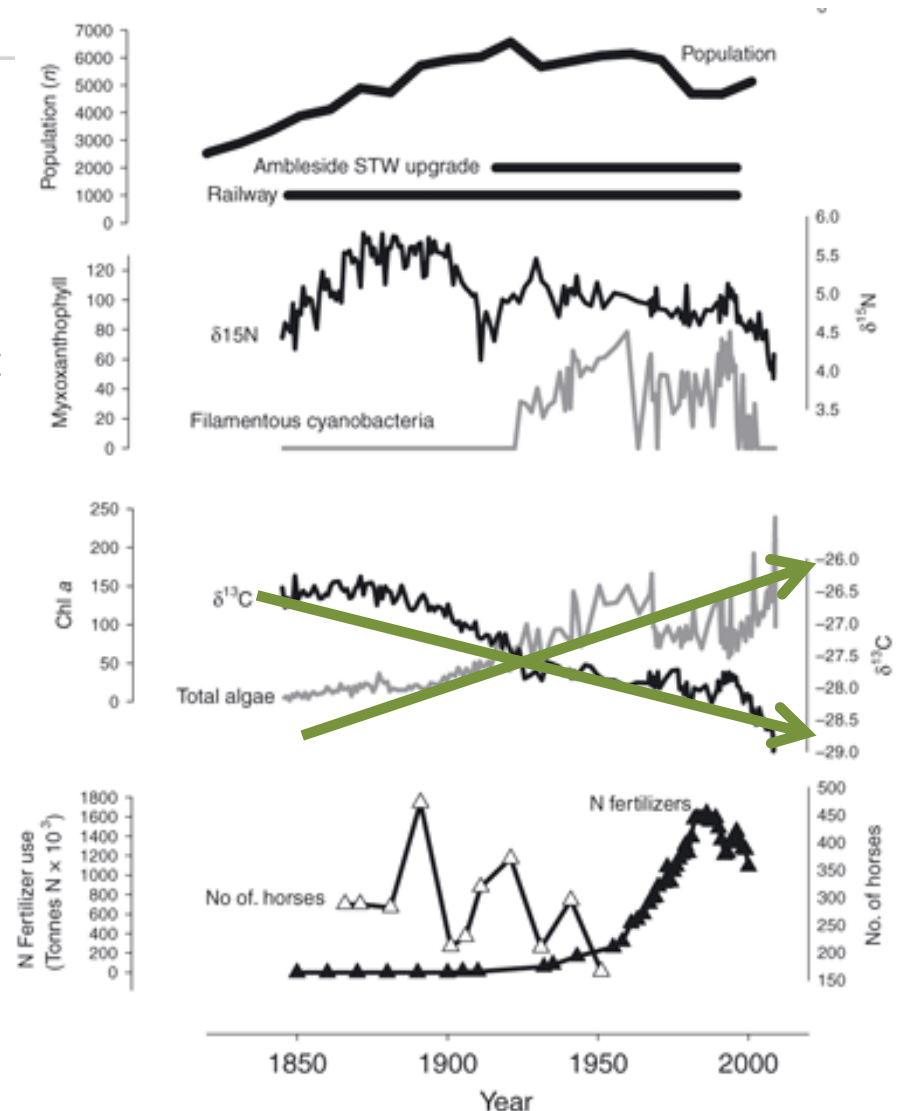
Lake sediments as archives



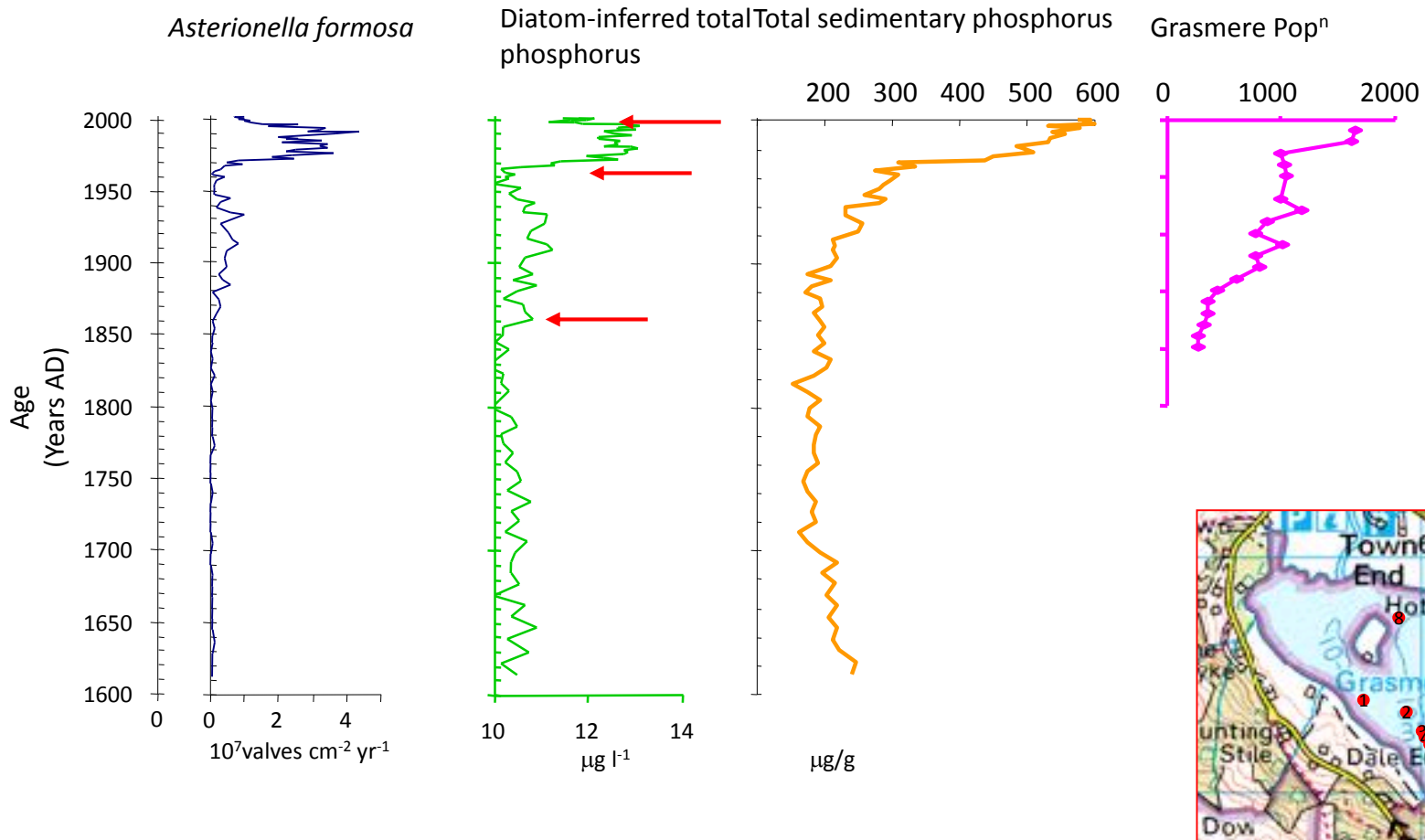


Windermere

- Productivity has increased since 1850s, increase in nutrients N and P, fall in carbon isotopes consistent with increased catchment productivity
- Landuse: population, sewage treatment, agriculture
- Climate: Temperature and precipitation 5-15% of variance



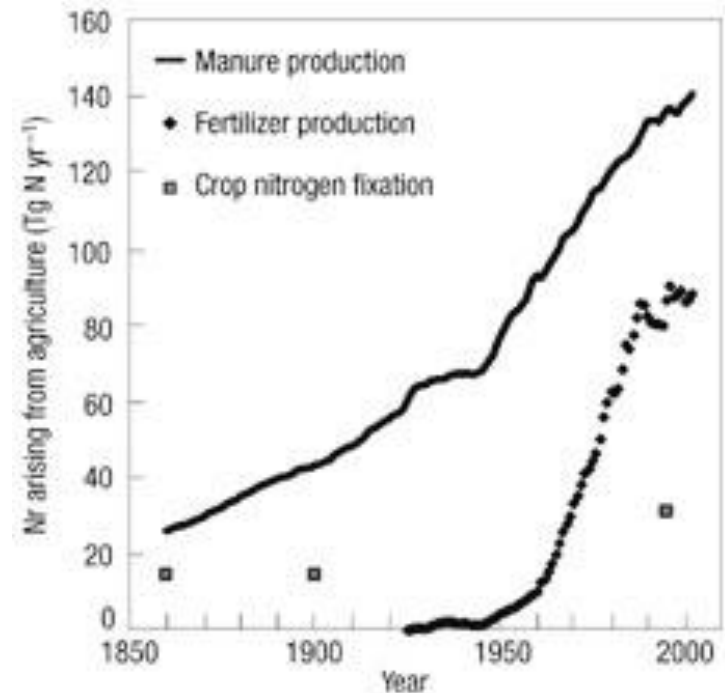
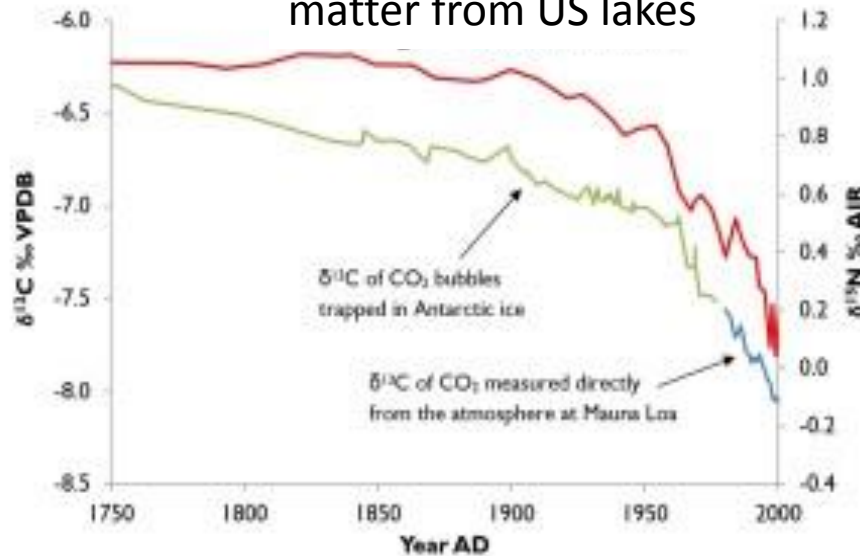
Grasmere





Hypothesis: a global phenomenon?

$\delta^{15}\text{N}$ of organic
matter from US lakes



Reay et al. 2008

Conclusions

- Contemporary problems must be viewed in their historical context
- Baselines are anthropogenic not natural; must be dynamic
- Catchment based approaches are needed to tackle catchment-based problems
- Shifting climate patterns and atmospheric N deposition require local adaptation but global solutions