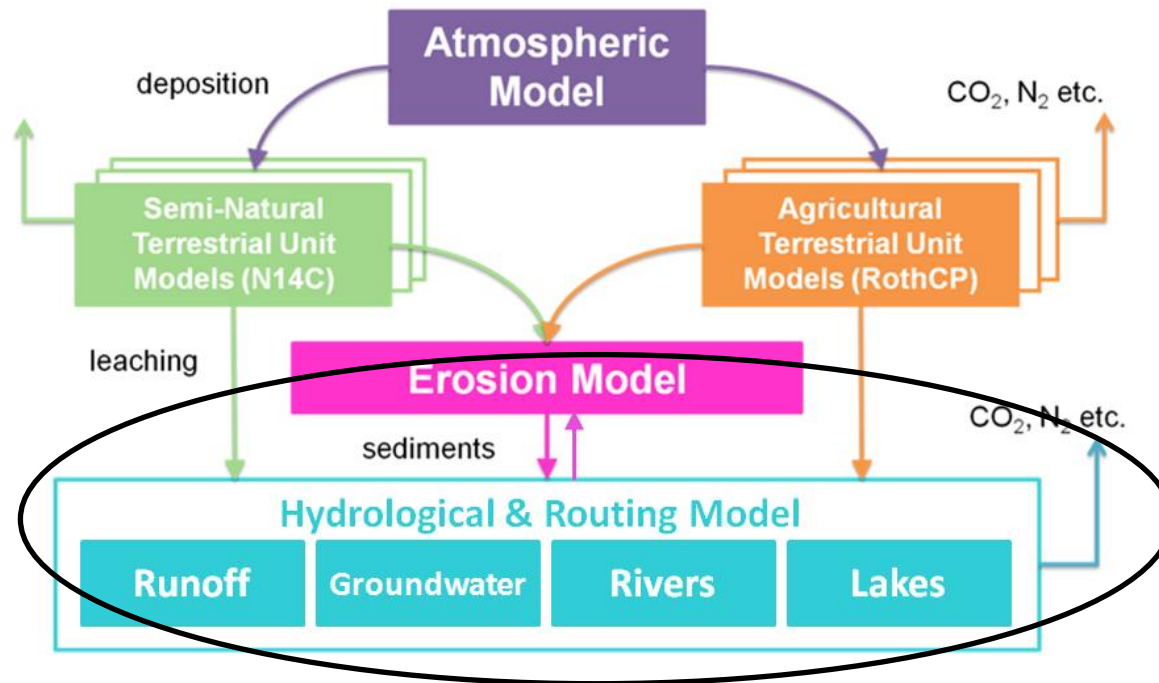


LTLS: PROGRESS ON THE INTEGRATED MODEL

Vicky Bell & Pam Naden

with thanks to Helen Davies, Steve Cole, Alison Kay, Jess Davies, John Quinton, Shibu Muhammed, Andy Whitmore, Ed Tipping, Ed Rowe



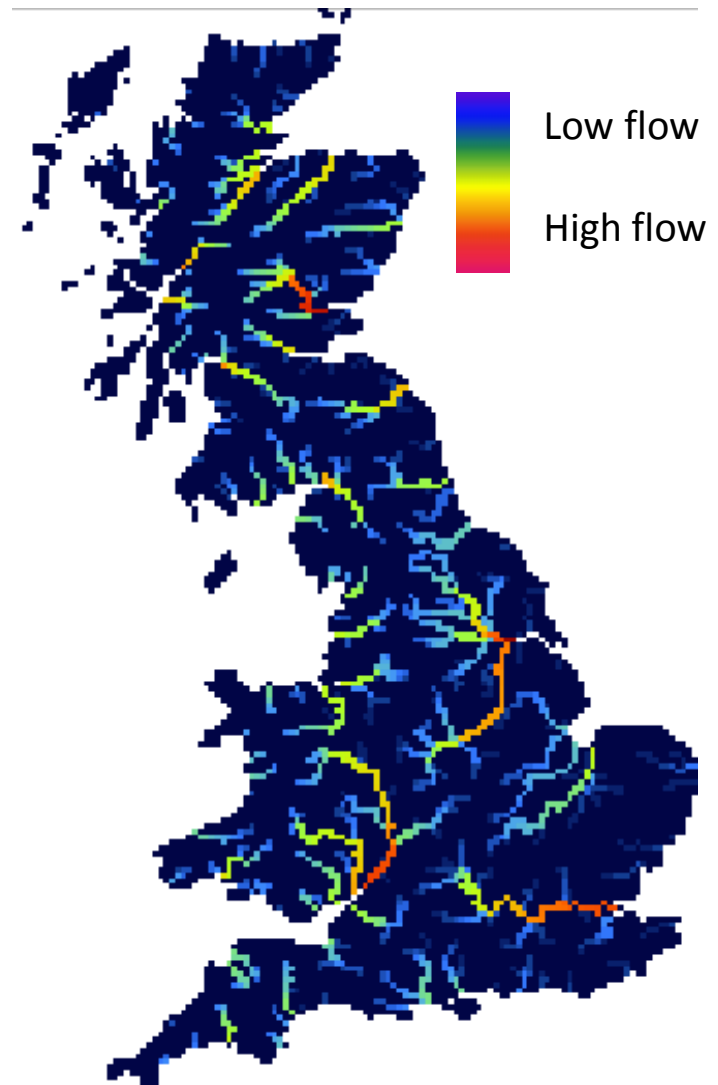
LTLS: Integrated Model (IM)

❑ A simple grid-based hydrological model similar to the G2G forms the basis for the IM representation of the landscape required for the LTLS.

❑ It provides estimates of river flow and runoff (surface and subsurface) and soil moisture on a regular grid across the UK (and Europe).

❑ The IM had no pre-existing capability for modelling nutrients, lakes and land-cover (apart from urban/suburban effects on downstream flows). This capability has been built-in specifically for the LTLS.

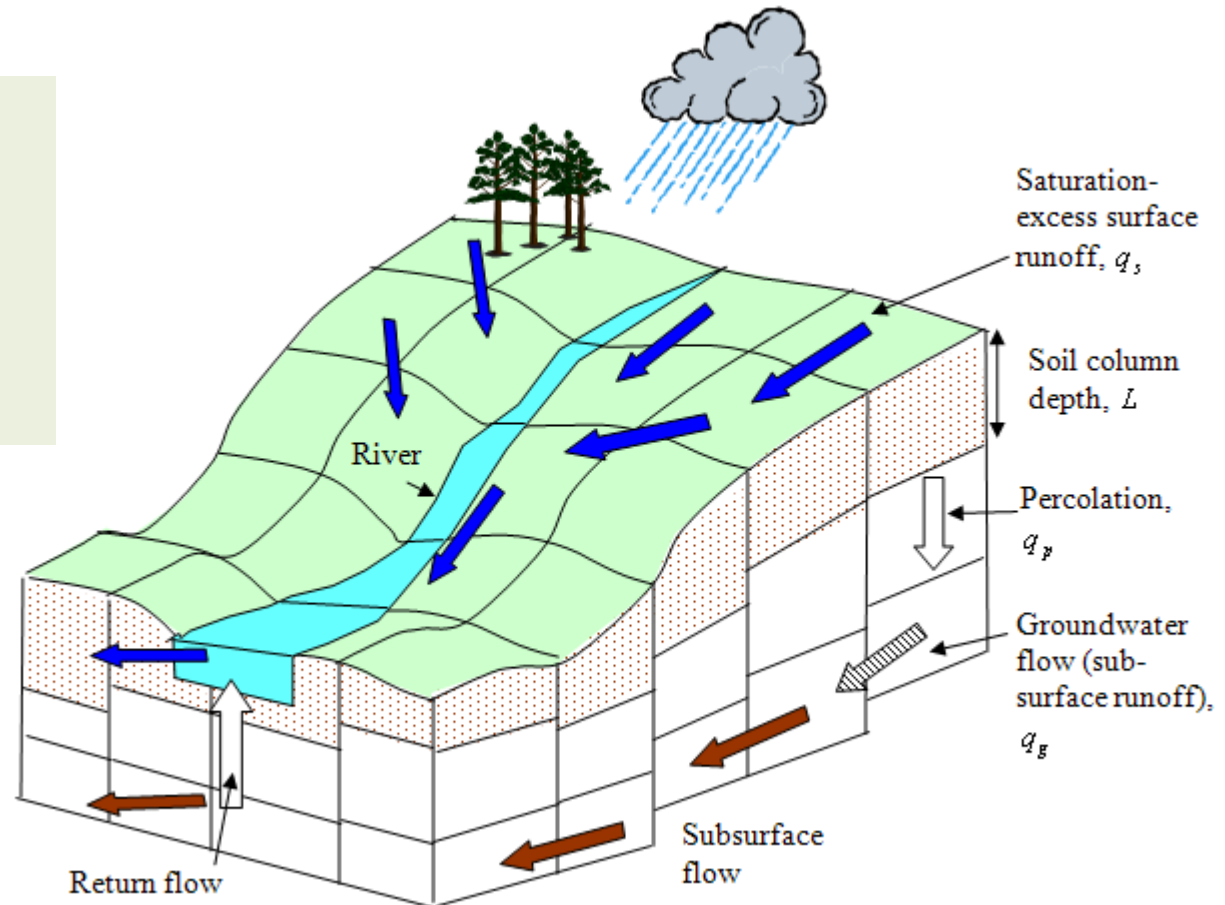
❑ The LTLS Integrated Model is configured on a 5km grid using spatial datasets for terrain (provides slope, elevation, flow direction), soils and takes as input gridded time-series estimates of rainfall and potential evaporation (PE).



Integrated Model (IM)

Hydrological model behind IM incorporates some basic properties of:

- soil
- land cover
- topography



For prototype:

- ❑ Model driven by daily 5km rainfall, daily 5km temperature, monthly PE (MORECS, 40km)
- ❑ Simple estimation of water temperature from air temperature based on relationship developed for hourly data for River Exe by Webb et al (2003)

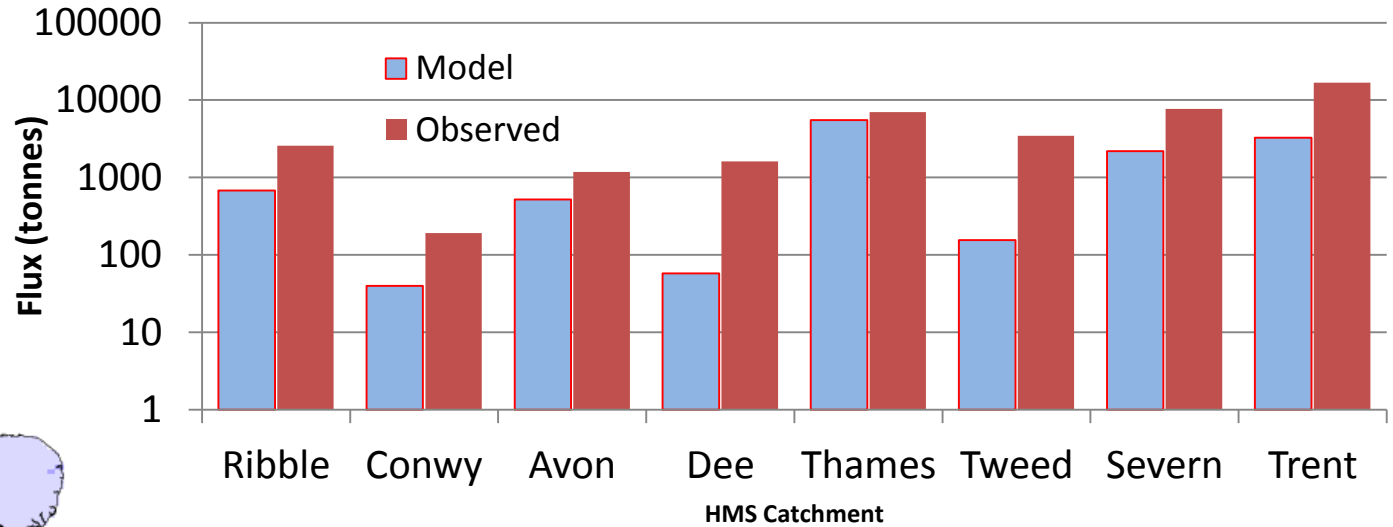
LTLS: Building the integrated model (IM)

- ❑ Spatial resolution: $\Delta x = 5.0\text{km} \rightarrow \Delta t = 2\text{hr}$
- ❑ The prototype is tested/driven by observed data from 1971 – 2007 on UK mainland
- ❑ Each 5km UK pixel (area 25km^2) can contain several land-cover types (agriculture, semi-natural, improved grassland, bare soil, urban, water)
- ❑ Modelled variables:
 - 10 dissolved nutrients (DIC, DOC, nitrate, ammonium...) ✓
 - 12 particulate nutrients (fine sediment, POCNL, PONL,...) ✓
 - + pH, O₂, algae, macrophytes, water temperature
 - + gaseous outputs from river model ✓

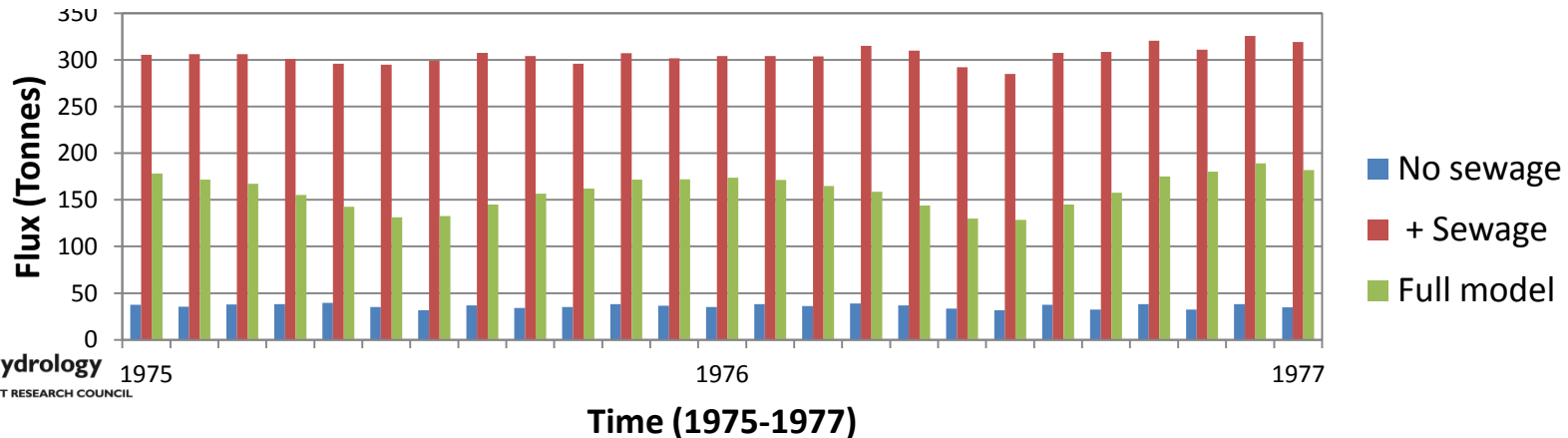
Annual/monthly fluxes for selected catchments:



Total Nitrate Flux: 1976



Total monthly nitrate flux: Ribble



Example model output: nitrate fluxes (tonnes)

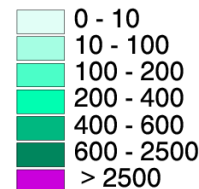
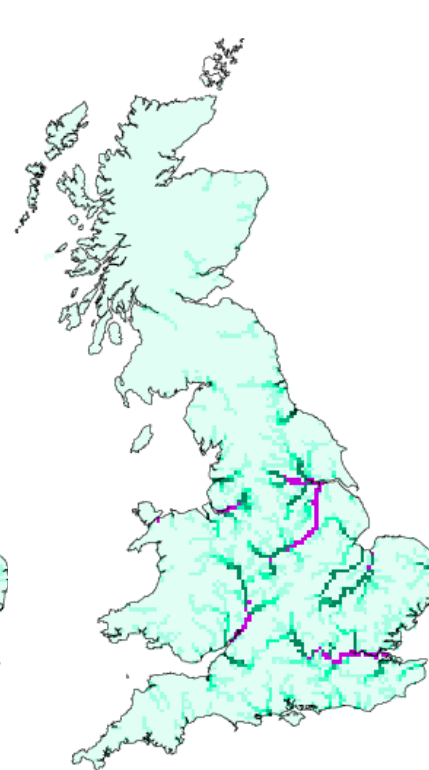
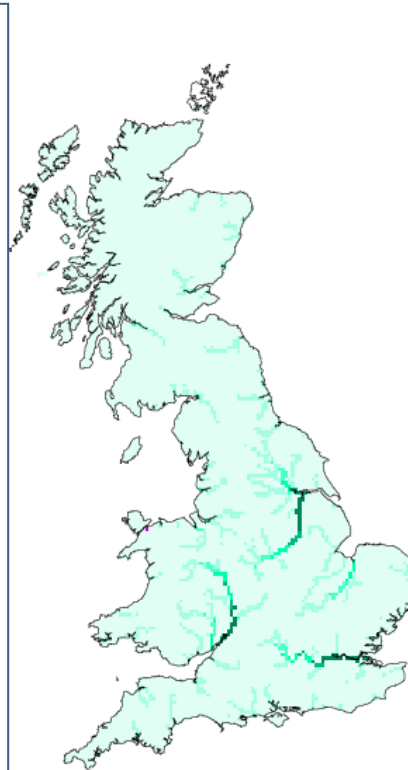
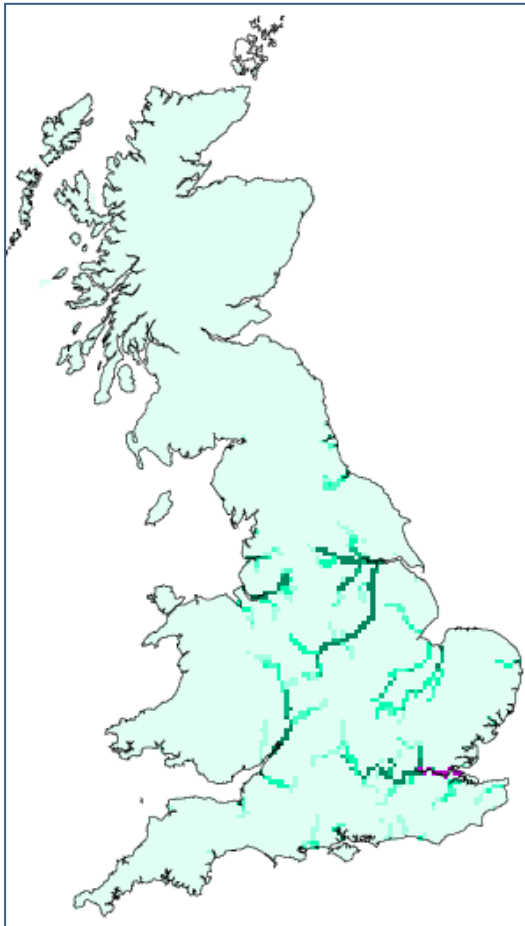
January-March 1976 totals

Total river flux

Flux from land

Flux + sewage

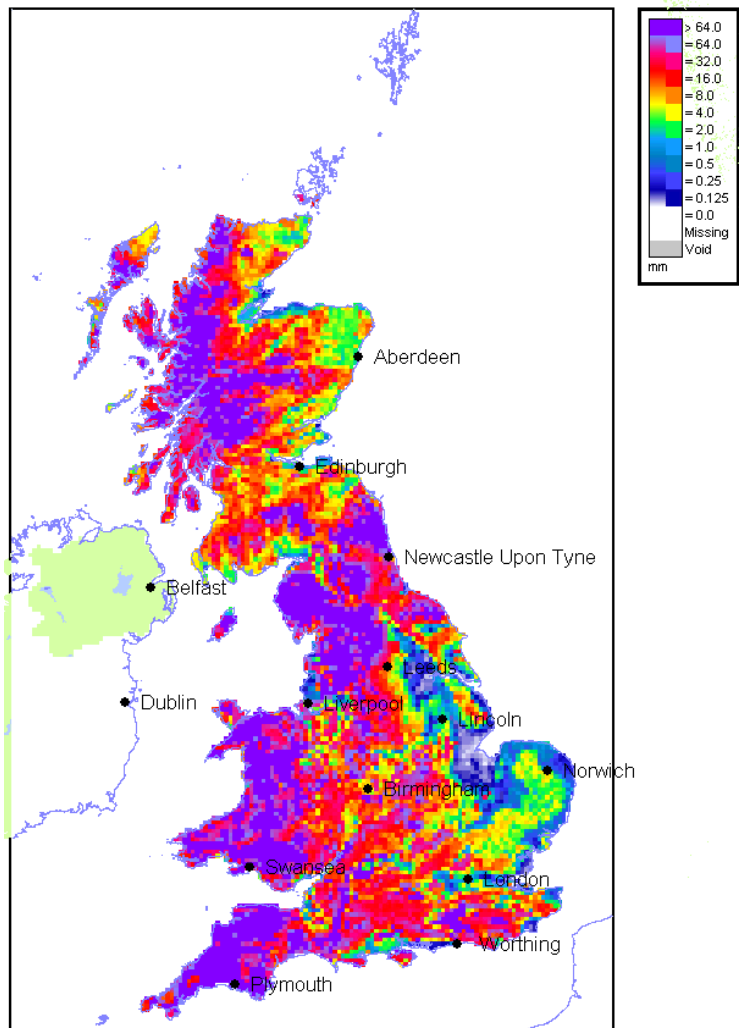
- N gas loss



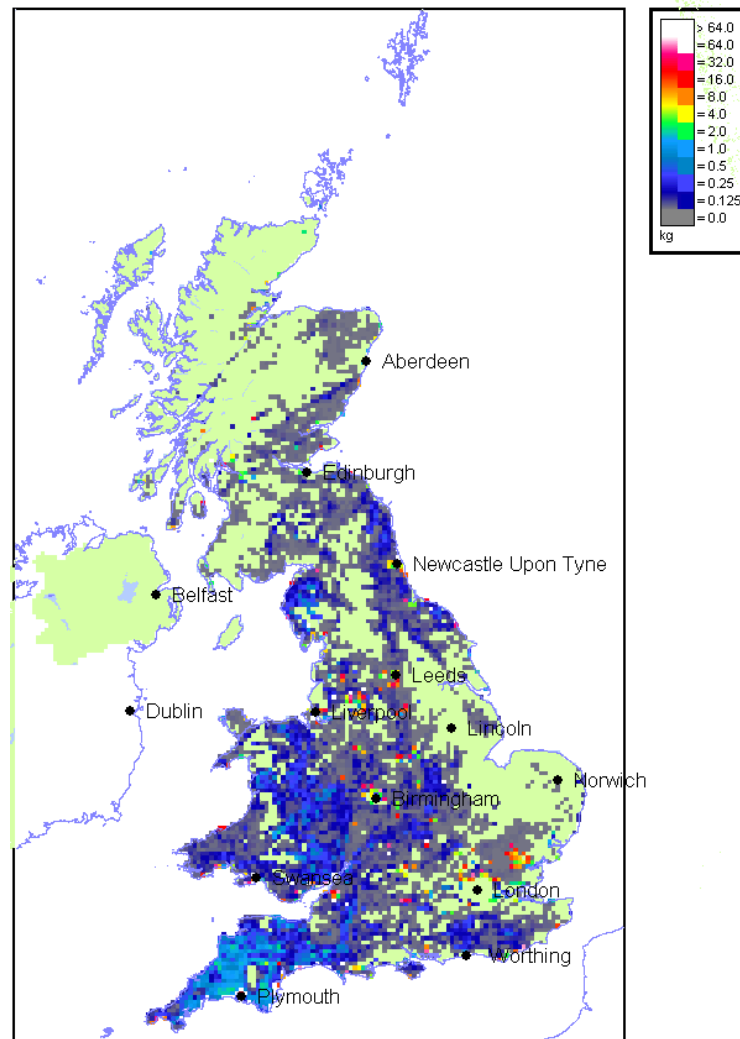
Nitrate
(Total fluxes in Tonnes)

Prototype animated display using HYRAD

Surface runoff



Erosion



00:00 GMT Mon 15-Mar-1971

00:00 GMT Mon 15-Mar-1971

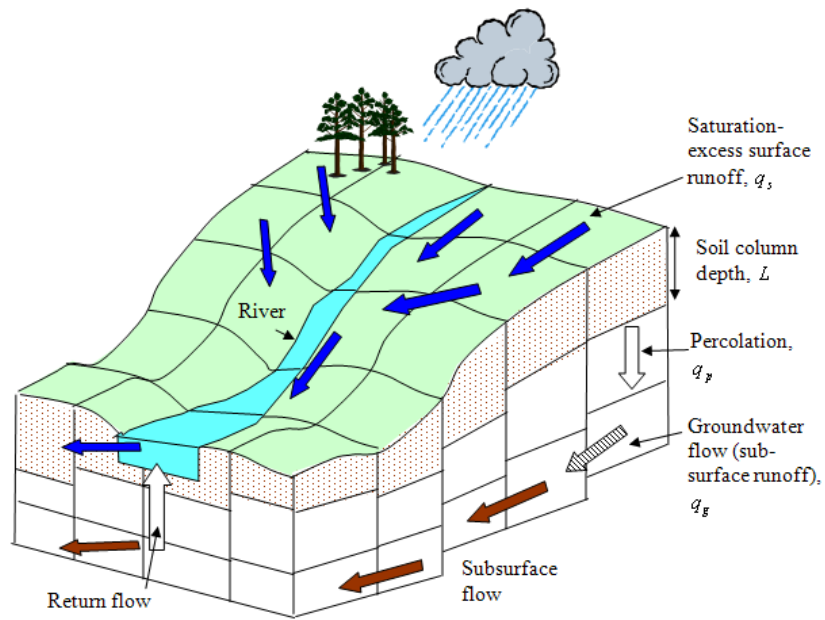
Summary and Next Steps:

- ❑ The prototype IM has been implemented on a 5km resolution across the UK
- ❑ Model run time for 1 year = 1 hour
- ❑ Modelled variables:
 - ❑ 10 dissolved nutrients (DIC, DOC, nitrate, ammonium...)
 - ❑ 12 particulate nutrients (fine sediment, POCNL, PONL,...)
 - ❑ + pH, O₂, algae, macrophytes, water temperature
 - ❑ + gaseous outputs from river model
- ❑ Present prototype to stakeholders for feedback (Spring 2014)
 - ❑ Explore scenarios
- ❑ Complete IM version 2 (Autumn 2014).
 - ❑ Improve estimates of nutrient fluxes from agricultural land
 - ❑ Include lake processes
 - ❑ Sediment loss to floodplain
 - ❑ Groundwater fluxes
- ❑ IM run from 1800 to present day/future scenarios using historical/possible future driving data

Any questions?

LTLS Integrated Model (IM)

- ❑ **Spatial resolution:** $\Delta x = 5.0\text{km} \rightarrow \Delta t = 2\text{hr}$
- ❑ Prototype tested on observed data from 1971 – 2007 on UK mainland
- ❑ **Modelled variables:**
 - 10 dissolved nutrients
 - 12 particulate nutrients
 - pH, O_2 , algae, macrophytes, water temperature
 - Gaseous outputs from river model



Example model output:

